

Chapter 17

The War of the Union

APUSH

PowerPoint #5.2

(Part 4 of 7)

Unit #5

Chapter 13 - "Bloody Ground: The Civil War"

[1861-1865]

BFW Textbook

TOPIC 17 - The War of the Union

[1861-1865]

III. Blacks & Women in the

Civil War

A. Emancipation

- Obstacles to Emancipation
- Military Liberation of Slaves
- Intermediate Moves
- Reasons for Emancipation
- Emancipation of Proclamation
- Effects

Emancipation Proclamation
Issued - After Antietam
Effective - January 1, 1863

▪ What Changed Lincoln's Mind?

- a. Wanted to hurt South (war effort) as much as possible; freeing slaves would do that (President's role as commander in chief).
- b. Wanted to prevent foreign intervention.
- c. Needed to clarify North's war aims; answer slavery question.

Emancipation Proclamation Issued - After Antietam Effective - January 1, 1863



B. Blacks in the Military

- All-Black Units
 - a. 54th Massachusetts Regiment
- National Recruitment
- Combat
 - a. Encouraged recruitment of black volunteers into Union army (300,000).



B. Blacks in the Military



STORMING FORT WAGNER.

NOV 22 1862

B. Blacks in the Military

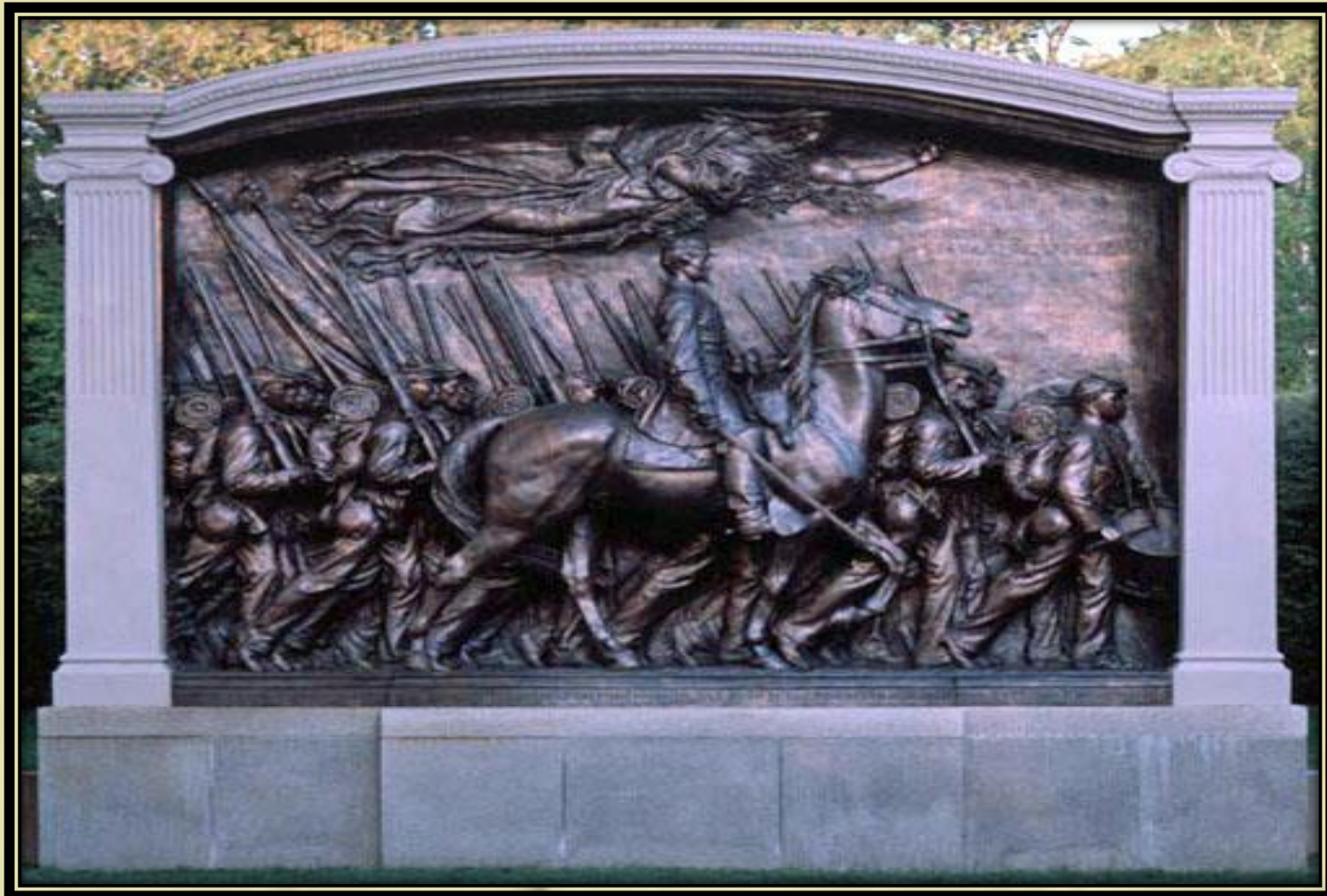
▪ Battle of Fort Wagner



Robert Gould Shaw

B. Blacks in the Military

"54th Massachusetts Infantry"



B. Blacks in the Military

- Significance

- Basically all objectives achieved.
- Clarified North's war aims – made the war a crusade for human freedom.
- Prevented foreign intervention.



C. Abolition of Slavery

- State Action
- Constitutional Amendment (13th Amendment)

D. Women & the War

- Service as Nurses

- a. Dorothea Dix

- b. Clara Barton

- New Responsibilities

- a. Businesses & Farms

- b. Wartime Losses

- Effects of War

